

GEOSPATIAL ANALYSIS OF SANITATION INFRASTRUCTURE IN URBAN SLUMS: INFORMING POLICY AND PLANNING DECISIONS FOR SUSTAINABLE URBAN DEVELOPMENT IN KISSEMAN

(ENGINEERING IN SOCIETY)

BY: ANSAH DENNIS APPIAH
GEOMATIC ENGINEERING STUDENTS, KNUST



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WHY ENGINEERING IN SOCIETY?

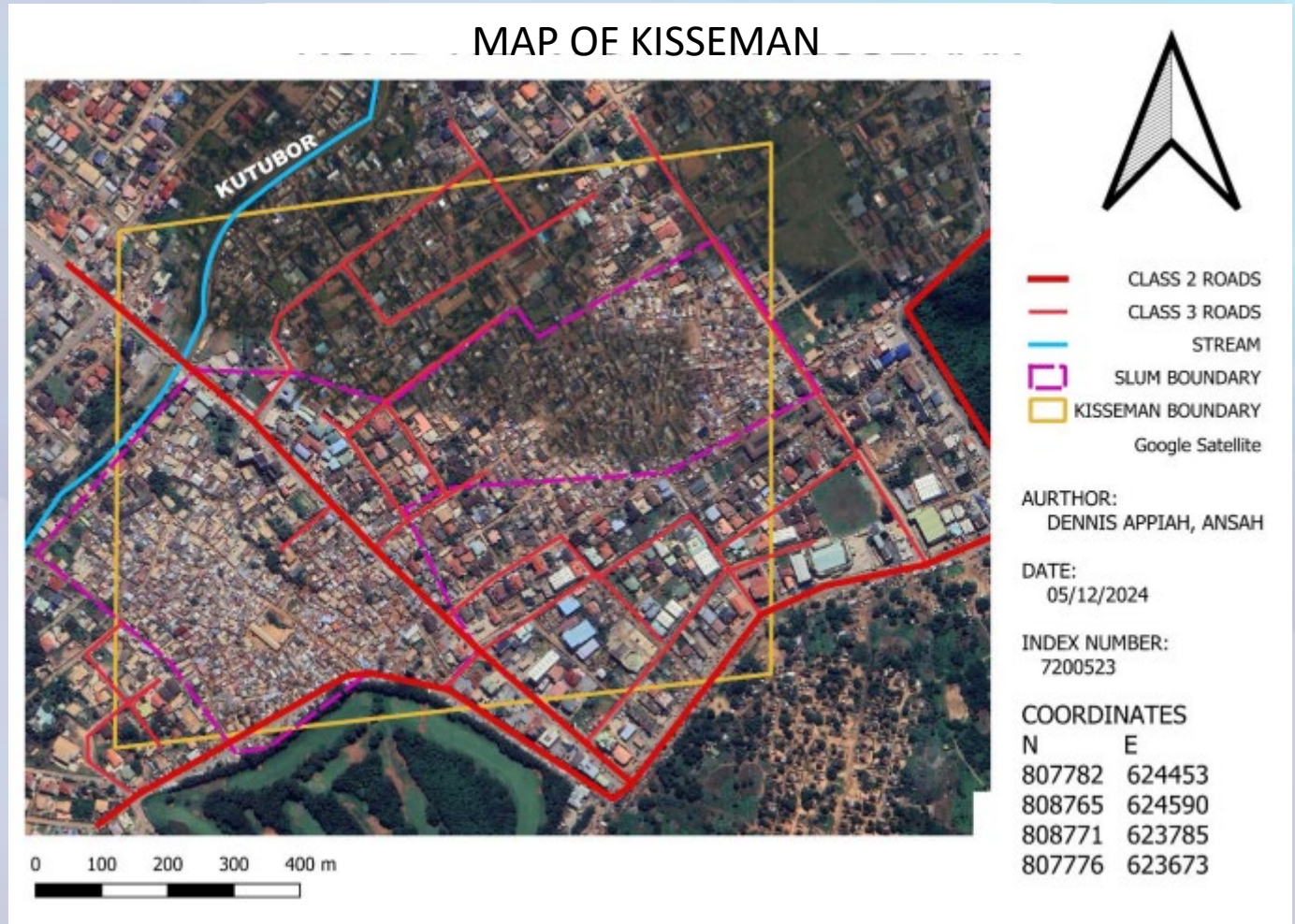


- ❑ CENG 291: Engineering in Society
- ❑ Course inspires community impact
- ❑ Focus: solving problems using engineering
- ❑ Project site: Kisseman (urban slum in Accra)
- ❑ Key issue: poor sanitation systems
- ❑ Approach: geomatic analysis of sanitation infrastructure



STUDY AREA

- ❑ Suburb in Greater Accra
- ❑ Mostly makeshift housing
- ❑ Near well built areas
- ❑ Basic services available
- ❑ Mixed informal economy
- ❑ Estimated population: ~1,500



LITERATURE REVIEW

- Prof. Kwasi Obiri-Danso *et al* (2012): Urban growth in Ghana as many other countries is characterized by unplanned settlements – where municipal authorities have been unable to provide adequate sanitation and water supply alongside development.
- Frank S. Arku *et al* (2013): 2.5 billion people have no access to improved sanitation facilities, and almost 26% of the world's population (over 400 million) lack the simplest latrines



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THE PROBLEM



Fig 1. Public Toilet



Fig 2. Pit Latrine



Fig 3. Clogged Drainage System



Fig 4. open dumpsite

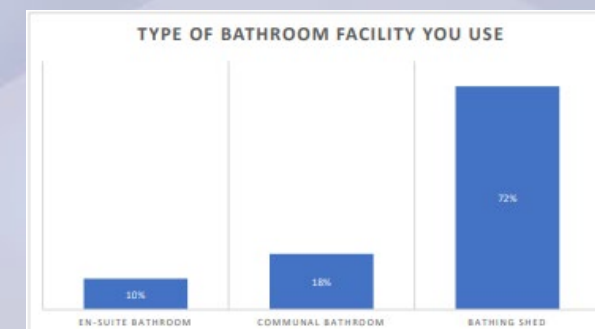
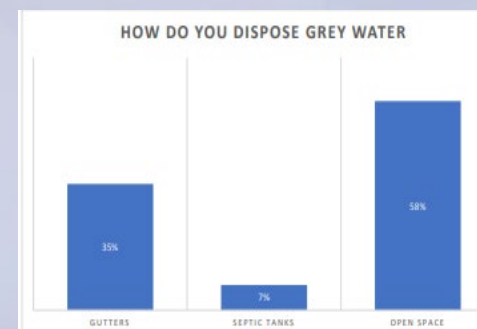
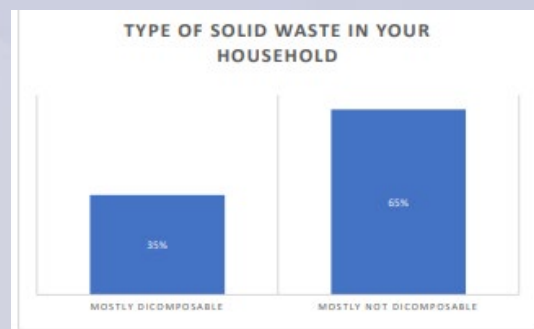
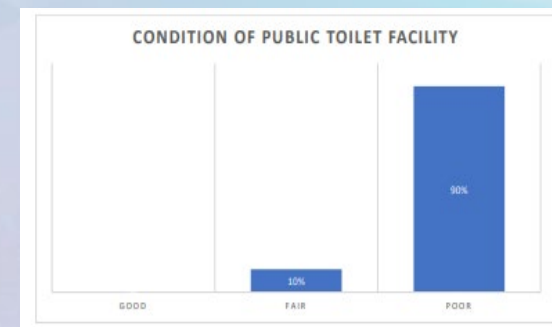
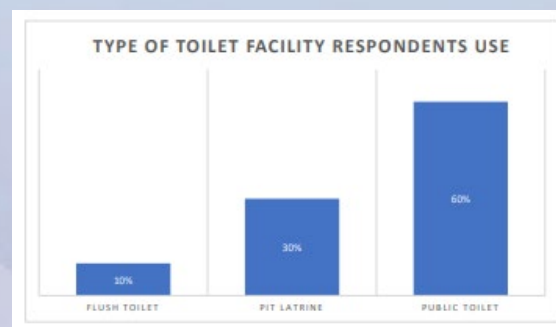
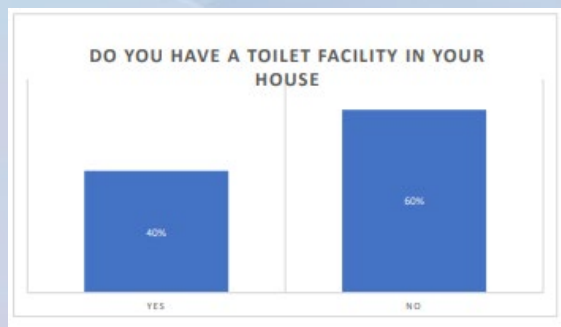


Fig 5 & 6. grey water in open spaces

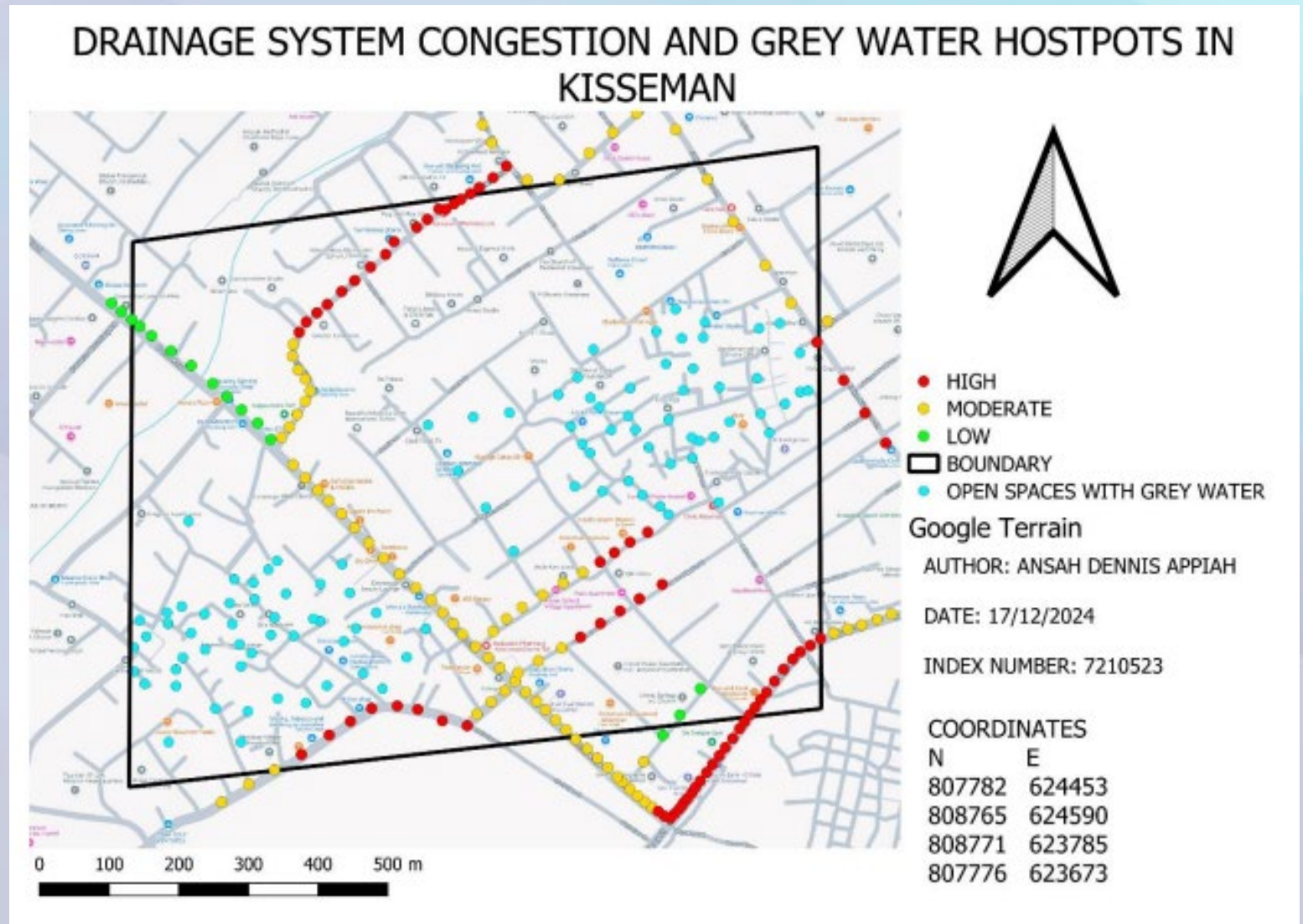


Fig 7. bathing shed

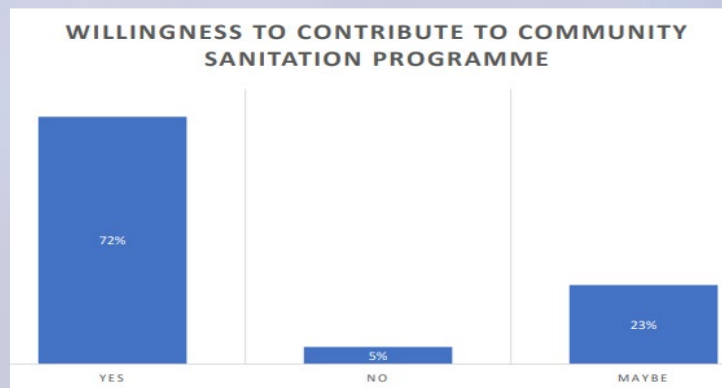
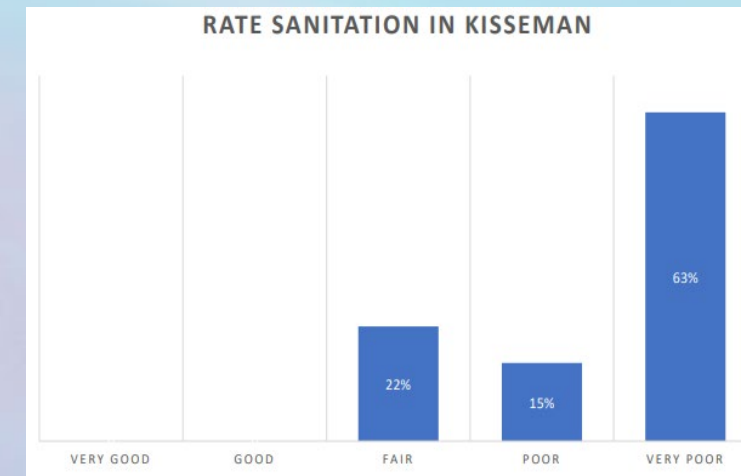
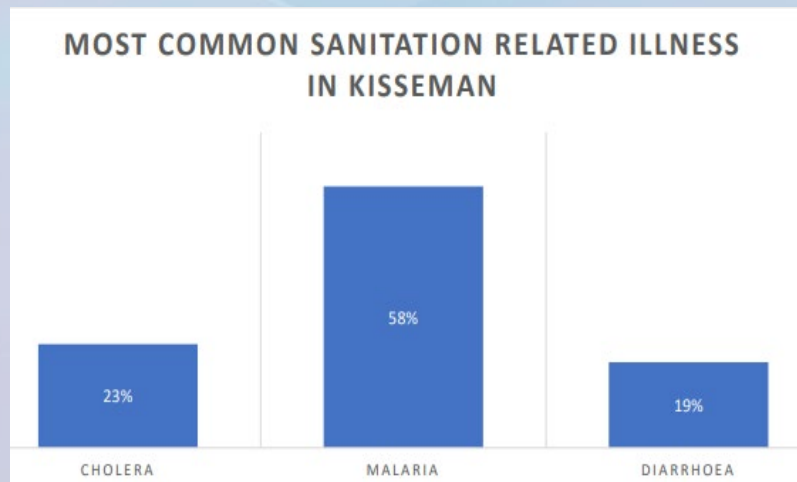
Results and Discussions



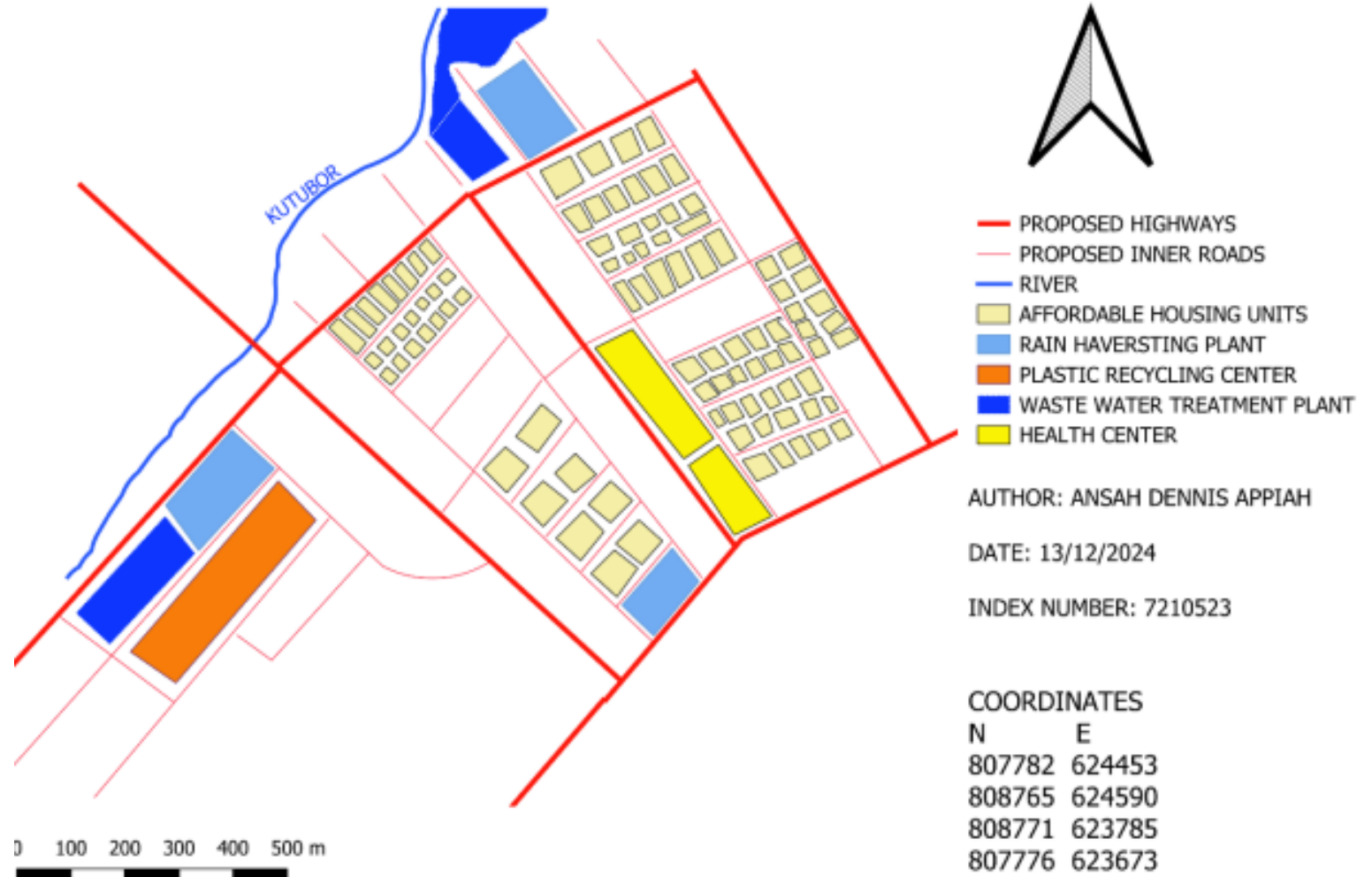
- ❑ Mapping shows severe gutter congestion in Kisseman
- ❑ Most drains filled with silt and plastics
- ❑ Clogged drains increase flooding risk
- ❑ Stagnant water creates mosquito breeding sites → more malaria
- ❑ Greywater exposed in many areas of the slum
- ❑ Red points: highly choked drains
- ❑ Yellow: partially choked
- ❑ Green: no blockage
- ❑ Light blue: exposed greywater points



AWARENESS OF THE ENVIRONMENT



- ❑ Use spatial analysis to optimize layout
- ❑ Improve placement of buildings, roads, and sanitation systems
- ❑ Include spaces for housing, markets, factories, schools, and health facilities
- ❑ Add sports centers, security posts, and religious facilities
- ❑ Provide sites for wastewater treatment, plastic recycling, energy production, and rain harvesting
- ❑ Long-term sanitation benefits through plastic recycling



CONCLUSION

- ❑ Study identified major sanitation challenges in Kisseman
- ❑ 60% lack proper toilets; public toilet in poor condition
- ❑ Inadequate drainage → flooding & health risks
- ❑ Makeshift bathing sheds → greywater in open spaces
- ❑ Poor waste disposal; illegal dumping common
- ❑ Malaria threat due to exposed greywater & choked drains



RECOMMENDATIONS

- ☐ Improve town planning with proper layouts
- ☐ Build efficient modern drainage
- ☐ Provide clean public toilets
- ☐ Start door-to-door waste collection + public bins
- ☐ Educate community on proper waste disposal
- ☐ Promote recycling and sustainable habits
- ☐ Partner with local groups and companies
- ☐ Monitor sanitation progress regularly
- ☐ Enforce environmental bylaws





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THANK YOU



Presenter: Dennis Appiah ANSAH
Student, KNUST
Founder: Rural STEM Edu. Dev. Club (KNUST)

- Email: daappiah11@gmail.com
- Phone: +233553558505